

## ANNEX 1 - TSE ROADMAP DRAFT PRIORITIES

Item	European Commission Priority	Dependencies	Need for Defra/FSA to Consult SEAC	Timing
Country Categorisation	High – before 1 July 2007	OIE Progress following adoption of Terrestrial Animal Health Code at General Session May 2006	NO	N/A
Eradication Measures in Sheep and Goats	High – late 2006	EFSA Opinion on Breeding Controls – June 2006?	POSSIBLY (Defra/FSA) – SEAC has previously been consulted on this issue. See endnote <sup>i</sup>	2006/07
Delay Cohort Culling	High – late 2006	Country-Specific Risk Assessment plus Comitology	NO, but see endnote <sup>ii</sup>	NA
Use of Hides from Cohorts for Leather Production	High – late 2006	EFSA Opinion on Technical Use of Cohort Hides – June 2006?	NO	NA
Changes to Specified Risk Material – Vertebral Column (from 24 to 30 months)	High – late 2006	EFSA Opinion on Vertebral Column – December 2006?	NO, SEAC previously advised on risk of reducing vertebral column from 30 to 12 months.	NA
Changes to Specified Risk Material – Other	Low – no timing	See endnote <sup>iii</sup>	YES (FSA)	?
Monitoring in Cervids	High – late 2006	Legal Instrument	NO, SEAC has provided advice.	NA
Monitoring in Cattle	Medium – 2006/07	Surveillance Data – 2005/06. See also endnote <sup>iv</sup>	YES (Defra/FSA)	2007
Monitoring in Small Ruminants	Medium – 2007	Surveillance Data – 2005/06	YES (Defra/FSA)	2007
Fish Meal Tolerance in Farmed Animal Feed	Medium – late 2006	Commission Report on Sourcing, Processing, Control and Traceability Feedstuffs of Animal Origin plus Comitology	NO. See endnote <sup>v</sup>	NA
Mammalian Meat and Bone Meal Tolerance in Farmed Animal Feed	Medium – 2007	Commission Report on Sourcing, Processing, Control and Traceability Feedstuffs of Animal Origin plus Comitology	YES (Defra/FSA)	2007
Feeding Non-Ruminant Proteins to Non-Ruminants	Medium - 2007/08	Validation of Species Specific Tests	YES (Defra/FSA)	2007/08

- 
- <sup>i</sup> Defra and FSA propose that SEAC is consulted only if there are new developments since the Committee was last consulted.
  - <sup>ii</sup> Cohorts would continue to be prevented from entering food chain so Defra and FSA agree that this is a risk management issue. However, if any science emerged which changed the current view, the FSA would reconsider approaching SEAC on this issue. SEAC previously advised that there was no evidence of BSE transmission via cows' milk and that maternal transmission would not sustain the BSE epidemic in cattle.
  - <sup>iii</sup> Development of Commission methodology for assessing BSE epidemiology in individual Member States as a basis for changes to surveillance and possibly, later, to SRM controls.
  - <sup>iv</sup> Development of Commission methodology for assessing BSE epidemiology in individual Member States as a basis for changes to surveillance and possibly, later, to SRM controls.
  - <sup>v</sup> Relates only to very low levels of fish meal by adventitious cross-contamination, thus not presenting the potential control issues posed by higher levels of inclusion.